

Creating S.M.A.R.T. Goals

From Paul J. Meyer's "Attitude Is Everything."

*Virtual Cadet Squadron:
Attachment 2*

ALICE: Which way should I go?

CAT: That depends on where you are going.

ALICE: I don't know where I am going.

CAT: Then it doesn't matter which way you go.

Specific

A specific goal has a much greater chance of being accomplished than a general goal. To set a specific goal you must answer the six "W" questions:

Who: Who is involved?

What: What do I want to accomplish?

Where: Identify a location.

When: Establish a time frame.

Which: Identify requirements and constraints.

Why: Specific reasons, purpose or benefits of accomplishing the goal.

EXAMPLE: A general goal would be, "Get in shape." But a specific goal would say, "Join a health club and workout 3 days a week."

Measurable

Establish concrete criteria for measuring progress toward the attainment of each goal you set. When you measure your progress, you stay on track, reach your target dates, and experience the exhilaration of achievement that spurs you on to continued effort required to reach your goal. To determine if your goal is measurable, ask questions such as How much? How many? How will I know when it is accomplished?

Attainable

When you identify goals that are most important to you, you begin to figure out ways you can make them come true. You develop the attitudes, abilities, skills, and financial capacity to reach them. You begin seeing previously overlooked opportunities to bring yourself closer to the achievement of your goals. You can attain most any goal you set when you plan your steps wisely and establish a time frame that allows you to carry out those steps. Goals that may have seemed far away and out of reach eventually move closer and become attainable, not because your goals shrink, but because you

grow and expand to match them. When you list your goals you build your self-image, you see yourself as worthy of these goals, and develop the traits and personality that allow you to possess them.

Realistic

To be realistic, a goal must represent an objective toward which you are both willing and able to work. A goal can be both high and realistic; you are the only one who can decide just how high your goal should be. But be sure that every goal represents substantial progress. A high goal is frequently easier to reach than a low one because a low goal exerts low motivational force. Some of the hardest jobs you ever accomplished actually seem easy simply because they were a labor of love.

Your goal is probably realistic if you truly believe that it can be accomplished. Additional ways to know if your goal is realistic is to determine if you have accomplished anything similar in the past, or ask yourself what conditions would have to exist to accomplish this goal.

Tangible

A goal is tangible when you can experience it with one of the senses: taste, touch, smell, sight or hearing. When your goal is tangible, or when you tie a tangible goal to an intangible goal, you have a better chance of making it specific and measurable, and thus attainable. Intangible goals are your goals for the internal changes required to reach more tangible goals. They are the personality characteristics and the behavior patterns you must develop to pave the way to success in your career or for reaching some other long-term goal. Since intangible goals are vital for improving your effectiveness, give close attention to tangible ways for measuring them.

SQUADRON GOALS FOR NEXT 6 MONTHS

IDEAS & BRAINSTORMS

GOAL #1:

MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES:

DEADLINE TO START:

DEADLINE TO FINISH:

OWNER / GOAL LEADER:

GOAL #2:

MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES:

DEADLINE TO START:

DEADLINE TO FINISH:

OWNER / GOAL LEADER:

GOAL #3:

MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES:

DEADLINE TO START:

DEADLINE TO FINISH:

OWNER / GOAL LEADER:

GOAL #4:

MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES:

DEADLINE TO START:

DEADLINE TO FINISH:

OWNER / GOAL LEADER:

PRIORITY PROJECTS